## **Fives and Threes**

| 1  | 2         | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8         | 9         | 10   |
|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|-----------|-----------|------|
| 11 | 12        | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18        | 19        | 20   |
| 21 | 22        | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28        | 29        | 30   |
| 31 | 32        | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38        | 39        | 40   |
| 41 | 42        | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48        | <b>49</b> | 50   |
| 51 | <b>52</b> | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58        | 59        | 60   |
| 61 | 62        | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68        | 69        | 70   |
| 71 | 72        | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78        | 79        | 80   |
| 81 | 82        | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88        | 89        | 90   |
| 91 | 92        | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | <b>98</b> | 99        | 2 Mz |
| J  |           |    |    |    |    |    |           |           |      |

What you need: A 100 square, one die (one die – two dice), one counter each.



- 1. Take turns to throw the die.
- 2. Move your counter the number of squares shown on your die.



- 3. If your counter lands on a *multiple of three,* you may jump forward to the *next* multiple of three.
- 4. If your counter lands on a *multiple of 5*, you must jump backwards to the last multiple of 5, or to zero.
- 5. Counters may land on the same square.
- 6. The winner is the first player to land on the 100 square.

Of course, you could change the multiples to something different, to help you learn your tables.

